MASTER'S DEGREE EXAMINATION

DOUBLE DIPLOMA PROGRAMME – ZHAW School of Management and Law Study major: Global Business, Finance and Governance

- 1. Motives of enterprise's internationalisation.
- 2. Dynamic capabilities of enterprise and its internationalization.
- 3. Network approach in the theory of enterprise internationalisation.
- 4. Knowledge management as a determinant of firm's international competitiveness
- 5. Cooperation and coopetition of firms in global markets. Determinants and advantages for participating firms.
- 6. The role of clusters in shaping and asserting competitive advantages of firms in global markets.
- 7. Country of origin effect and brand strategies in global markets.
- 8. Strategic alliances in global business.
- 9. Models of cross-cultural management.
- 10. Specificity of emerging markets and foreign expansion of firms originating from developing countries.
- 11. Ethical aspects of international competitiveness and economic development. Significance of corruption.
- 12. Ethics or law? Which is more important in international business?
- 13. Ethical dilemmas of globalisation.
- 14. Most interested initiatives aimed at improving ethical dimensions of international business.
- 15. Regional economic integration and effects of globalization.
- 16. Problems of the world economy.
- 17. Different perspectives on the global environmental problems from developed and developing countries.
- 18. The impact of colonialism on the emergence of the world economy and its further development.
- 19. Imperfect competition and international trade.
- 20. Tools to assess the distribution of benefits from international trade.
- 21. The reasons for the economic backwardness of the developing countries in terms of theory.
- 22. Strategies for the developing countries to emerge from economic backwardness.
- 23. Risks associated with the operation of automatic adjustment mechanisms.
- 24. Adjustment policy tools and limits of their effectiveness.
- 25. The evaluation of the adjustment policy of the International Monetary Fund.
- 26. International balance of payments and its importance for the global economy.
- 27. The social and economic consequences of financial crisis.
- 28. The significance of the financial crisis of 2007-2008 for the world economy.
- 29. Possibilities of solving foreign debt crises.
- 30. Profit maximization and enterprise decisions in the short- and long-run.
- 31. Isoquants and isocost lines and the firm's choice of the optimal production technique.
- 32. The significance of the choice of the production function by the firm.
- 33. The impact of market structure on the firm's revenues and costs.
- 34. Equilibrium of the perfectly competitive firm in the short and long run.

- 35. Equilibrium of the firm operating in monopolistic competition in the short and long run.
- 36. Equilibrium of a typical monopoly.
- 37. The impact of price discrimination on the behavior of the monopolist.
- 38. The concept of a deadweight loss in the competition policy.
- 39. The applications of the "prisoner's dilemma" game in business and economics.
- 40. The impact of the kinked demand curve on the behavior of the oligopoly.
- 41. The Cournot oligopoly equilibrium and product market competition.
- 42. The Stackelberg oligopoly equilibrium and product market competition.
- 43. The significance of decision trees in optimal business decision making.
- 44. The significance of externalities in the economic policy.
- 45. Poverty and underdevelopment and their consequences in the current world.
- 46. Indicators used to assess poverty and underdevelopment levels and their interpretation
- 47. The causes of inequality in the contemporary world. The application of the Gini coefficient in this area.
- 48. The causes of poverty and underdevelopment.
- 49. The concept of "vicious circles of poverty".
- 50. Neoliberal vs. Keynesian paradigm of fighting poverty and underdevelopment.
- 51. The importance of institutions in the fight against poverty and underdevelopment.
- 52. The importance of natural resources for development/underdevelopment and poverty.
- 53. The importance of geographic factor for development/underdevelopment and poverty.
- 54. International development aid (objectives, participants, effects).
- 55. Development aid to the least developed countries.
- 56. Globalization in poverty and underdevelopment context.
- 57. Sustainable development and global poverty/underdevelopment.
- 58. Methods of measuring the innovativeness of countries, regions and enterprises; their advantages and constraints.
- 59. Innovation Networks and their role in the modern economy.
- 60. Open innovation and its impact on the enterprise innovativeness.
- 61. Innovation and firm performance.
- 62. The sources of innovation from an enterprise perspective.
- 63. How the evolution of five generations of models of innovation process explains the importance of regional dimension in innovation activity?
- 64. What are the benefits for host economy (regional and national) from FDI with respect to technological spillover effects?
- 65. Main components of regional innovation system.
- 66. The role of different dimensions of proximity for innovation activity in regional clusters.
- 67. The concept of creative class and creative regions.
- 68. The significance of the national innovation system.
- 69. Innovation policy instruments and their impact on innovation performance of enterprises.
- 70. Differences between doing business in the digital economy and the traditional economy.

- 71. Benefits of e-commerce to customers.
- 72. The impact of new technologies on the existing business models.
- 73. The significance of the experience economy.
- 74. Stages of a correctly implemented research process.
- 75. Differences and similarities in applying quantitative and qualitative methods. Advantages and disadvantages of both research approaches.
- 76. Principles and good practices in constructing interview questionnaires for quantitative research.
- 77. The importance of representative sample for the research process.
- 78. Criteria in correctly conducted process of statistical inference.
- 79. Main aspects of leadership in international business.
- 80. Selected theories of leadership and their application in firm management in global market.
- 81. Cultural dimensions according to G. Hofstede and their managerial implications.
- 82. Cultural dimensions according to R. Gesteland and their implications for negotiations.
- 83. High and low communication context. Meaning for international business communication.
- 84. Methods and instruments of foreign exchange risk management in companies/firms.
- 85. Sources of the corporate capital in international financial markets.
- 86. Leasing as a form of investment financing.
- 87. Factoring and forfaiting as the sources of financing in exporting companies/firms.
- 88. Role of foreign direct investments in the globalization process.
- 89. Mergers and acquisitions in the international markets as forms of foreign direct investments (advantages and limitations).
- 90. Establishing a new entity abroad as a form of foreign direct investment (advantages and limitations).
- 91. Short- and long-term firms' financing within multinational corporations (advantages and limitations).
- 92. Forms of payment and credit risk in foreign trade settlements.
- 93. The relationship between the long-term expected rate of return and the level of risk on the capital market.
- 94. What is involved in myopic loss aversion of investors and what results may it deliver on the capital market?
- 95. The main limits to arbitrage on the capital market. What are the consequences of limits to arbitrage on informational efficiency of capital market and correctness of asset pricing?
- 96. The significance of the most favoured nation clause in international trade.
- 97. The significance of the national treatment clause in international trade.
- 98. The WTO dispute settlement system.
- 99. The significance of the technical barriers to global trade.
- 100. The instruments for investor protection in bilateral investment treaties.

Literature:

By the decision of the Global Business, Finance and Governance Programme Committee no specific literature is indicated. It is recommended to consult the literature indicated in the syllabuses of major subjects.